

ing by every means the Japanese approach to Liao-yang, and to the northward of Mukden.

The Chinese army, at Admiral Alexieff's request, has engaged to stop the constant activity of the bandits against the Russians. It is said that the Russians have withdrawn all the Cosack outposts west of the Yalu River owing to the hostility of the bandits, who, it is alleged, planned to cut the railway north of Mukden.

The Tientsin correspondent of the Standard says that the Imperial Grand Council has sent a note to M. Lessar, the Russian Minister, urging that the Russian troops, when evacuating neutral towns, should not destroy buildings, and saying that if they do there may be a serious infringement of neutrality. The council has telegraphed to Gen. Ma to notify all Russian officers to this effect.

KOUROPATKIN ASKS REINFORCEMENTS.

PARIS, June 2.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien says that the Japanese have withdrawn their attacking line some distance beyond Liao-yang. They have moved further to the northeast, evidently for the purpose of overlapping the Russian left wing.

Gen. Kouropatkin states that everything appears to be going well, but he asks for large reinforcements as soon as possible. Nearly the whole Russian army is concentrated in front of Mukden, thus preventing any sudden attack on that place.

JAPS PAID HIGH FOR VICTORY.

Awful Slaughter at the Storming of Nanshan Hill—Russia's Losses.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE SUN. LONDON, June 3.—The correspondent of the Times on the despatch boat Haimun says that he has been visiting Kinchau Bay, learning the details of the battle of Nanshan Hill.

He gives a vivid picture of the slaughter of the Japanese, who were packed in masses owing to the narrowness of the isthmus. There was so little room to deploy for attacking that entire battalions of infantry had to stand waiting in the sea.

During the whole time there was an inferno of fire from all arms, and shells from the Russian batteries ploughed into the masses around Kinchau. The Japanese guns replied as battery after battery came into action; while the sustained fire from the gunboats kept the line of the Russian forces fringed with bursting projectiles.

At about midday the energy of the Russian defenders in front of the village of Mauchangyung seemed to be exhausted by the fire from the gunboats, which had driven the gunners from their pieces.

Two Japanese battalions appeared over the saddle between the twin peaks of Suchiatung. They were to make the desperate effort to carry the nearest Russian works. At first the straggling walls of Mauchangyung gave them some cover, under which they had moments of breathing space.

Then the gallant little infantry band pressed on again up the breast of the slopes of the Russian position. It was an impossible task. The defenders were not yet sufficiently shaken. An avalanche of concentrated fire from the infantry in the trenches, machine guns and quick-firing field artillery struck the Japanese force.

They melted away from the glacial slope like soldiers before the flame of a blowpipe. A few who seemed to bear charmed lives struggled on until they reached the wire entanglements. "It was a vain, but heroic effort. Within fifteen minutes these two battalions ceased to exist except as a trail of mutilated bodies at the foot of the Russian glebe."

Seeing the failure of this attack, the gunboats and supporting artillery concentrated their whole fire on one point, where Gen. Oku was determined to drive home his wedge, and by evening the works were practicable for a general who had such infantry as the Japanese and who was prepared to take the responsibility for such fearful losses.

It would seem that the actual carrying of the works was another Alma. One of the works gave after waiting for a bayonet attack. Then the whole Japanese front surged forward, and the moral balance went over to the Japanese.

RUSSIAN LOST 30 OFFICERS AND 800 MEN.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—A semi-official despatch from Mukden dated June 1 says that it is known that the Russians, in abandoning their position at Kinchau before a numerically superior force and after eight hours of fighting, abandoned their guns, but previously rendered them useless. "The losses of the Russians in the battle are given as 30 officers and 800 men."

JAPS LEAVE SAIMATSU.

Russians Recapture the Town—Small Skirmish Reported.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, June 2.—Under date of yesterday Gen. Kouropatkin reports that all is quiet in the direction of Fengwang-cheng. The Japanese evacuated Saimatsu on May 31, and the Russians have since recaptured the place.

On May 31 there was a skirmish between Russian patrols and a Japanese mixed detachment in Lovin Pass, thirteen kilometers south of Suiyuan. A Cosack was wounded.

The situation at Yingkou and Maichau is unchanged. Saimatsu is about thirty-five miles north of Fengwang-cheng. It has been the centre of much skirmishing, and the recent report of a great battle between Kuroki and Kouropatkin laid the scene there.

NO PROTEST FROM ENGLAND.

Russia's Use of Naval Mines New Under Consideration.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, June 2.—In the House of Commons to-day Earl Percy, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying to a question by Mr. John Campbell, Nationalist member for Armagh, said that the Government had made no representations to the Russian Government on the subject of naval mines outside the territorial limits of the sea of war, but the subject was engaging the careful attention of the Government.

Earl Percy answered in the negative a

RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP UNFIT.

The Orelbays Toward Back After Having Been Refitted.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. PARIS, June 2.—The Journal says that according to advice from Constantinople the 12,700-ton battleship Orelbays, one of the ships that Admiral Wierwille tried to take out to the Far East and returned with from the Red Sea, has been taken back into the harbor after she had been refitted and had put to sea. It is believed that she has been damaged.

TINICUM VICTIM KNOWN.

Man Told Father Last He Saw of Him His Clothes Were on Fire.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 2.—It has been established that the man found murdered recently on Tinicum Island, and with his body half burned, is Frank Hancock of this city, and the authorities believe that if a young man living here, who has been missing for some time, can be found he will be able to throw light on the matter.

Hancock was a son of John L. Hancock of 102 Concord avenue, and was 23 years old. He has not been seen by his father since his body half burned, is Frank Hancock of this city, and the authorities believe that if a young man living here, who has been missing for some time, can be found he will be able to throw light on the matter.

"If Frank is dead, I know who did it," said the father to-night. "Detective Berry of Chester county, spent part of to-day in this city looking up clues, and it was through his visits to this city that it leaked out that Hancock was the man believed to have been murdered."

Berry has been working on these clues for several days. The detective has ascertained that the man who murdered him was a Jew, and it was just about that time that the missing Wilmingtonian above referred to is alleged to have said here that the last he saw of Hancock was when his clothing was on fire.

Detective Berry called on the elder Hancock yesterday and from him obtained information which, practically, it is said, confirmed his theory, and he is now well satisfied that the dead man has been identified. There was a tooth missing from the jaw of the murdered man, and there was also a tooth missing from the jaw of Hancock.

This is confirmed by the elder Hancock yesterday and from him obtained information which, practically, it is said, confirmed his theory, and he is now well satisfied that the dead man has been identified. There was a tooth missing from the jaw of the murdered man, and there was also a tooth missing from the jaw of Hancock.

The father knew nothing of a bunch of keys found beside the murdered man, but this is not regarded as significant for the reason that the father had seen his son with a half a year. The father of the young man talked readily to-night.

"The last time I saw my son Frank," he said, "was in November, when he was for Johnson, a stove maker, at Sixth and King streets. He went away from there then, and I did not hear from him since. He told me a few days ago that a man came to his house and told her the last time he saw Frank Hancock was when he was on fire near Chester. This is all I know of it. If Frank is dead, that man knows who killed him."

Hancock and the other man who is now missing were friends. In November they went away and Hancock went to Philadelphia. Some time afterward both men went to Chester, where they got employment in a woolen mill.

HASN'T CHOSEN HIS BABY YET.

Mr. Bidwell of Hawaii Has Plenty of Choice—Won't Take a Kinky Hair One.

Daniel Bidwell, who lives in Hawaii and is here in search of a baby to adopt, among other business missions, said last evening at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, where he is staying, that the letters in response to his advertisement are still coming in. All told, he has received between thirty and forty, besides personal visits from persons in the market with babies. Most of the letters are from women, some of whom have no intention of giving up their own children, but they are. What I am looking for is a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

Among the letters Mr. Bidwell received yesterday was one from a woman who said she has a job lot of assorted babies, of sizes and ages to suit, from ten months up, with marriage certificate guarantee. He is not a thing to be lightly settled, however, and I shall take time for consideration. It surprises me that so many women are willing to give up their children, but they are. What I am looking for is a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

He has investigated two or three offers of babies and personally inspected the babies. One that he saw yesterday was a pronounced brunette with kinky hair. "The baby," Mr. Bidwell said, "did not show the negro blood so much as did the mother. The race line out at natives. Americans marry native women out there, although it is generally considered that they have not done just the best thing possible in the matter. I am looking for a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

He has investigated two or three offers of babies and personally inspected the babies. One that he saw yesterday was a pronounced brunette with kinky hair. "The baby," Mr. Bidwell said, "did not show the negro blood so much as did the mother. The race line out at natives. Americans marry native women out there, although it is generally considered that they have not done just the best thing possible in the matter. I am looking for a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

Among the letters Mr. Bidwell received yesterday was one from a woman who said she has a job lot of assorted babies, of sizes and ages to suit, from ten months up, with marriage certificate guarantee. He is not a thing to be lightly settled, however, and I shall take time for consideration. It surprises me that so many women are willing to give up their children, but they are. What I am looking for is a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

He has investigated two or three offers of babies and personally inspected the babies. One that he saw yesterday was a pronounced brunette with kinky hair. "The baby," Mr. Bidwell said, "did not show the negro blood so much as did the mother. The race line out at natives. Americans marry native women out there, although it is generally considered that they have not done just the best thing possible in the matter. I am looking for a white American two-year-old baby. I am living now in Hawaii, but I do not say that will be the adopted baby's home."

SMALLPOX SUFFERERS LOOSE.

Citizens Keep Three Escaped Patients Away From Their Homes With Guns.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 2.—Three smallpox patients, who escaped from the pest house at Martinsburg, W. Va., reached Rhyolton late this afternoon. They are all negroes and when their presence became known residents of that town kept them away from their homes with revolvers and guns.

The men then made an attempt to reach this city, but a warning had been sounded and every bridge was well guarded. The bridges are in charge of fourteen patrolmen and special officers are guarding the railroad structure.

Late this evening the men were seen going toward York and special health officers were making every effort to have them captured and sent back to Martinsburg.

College Degree for Archbishop Jenvey.

Archbishop William R. Jenvey, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Hudson street, Hoboken, will receive the degree of doctor of divinity from Marietta College at Marietta, Ohio, on June 8. Mr. Jenvey left his native land, Hungary, in 1871, to come to America. He has been a priest for service in the civil war. He became a theological student five years later. He celebrated his twenty-first anniversary as rector of St. Paul's Church yesterday.

Umbrella Thief Came Quickly.

Samuel Wilber, who lives in Hopkins avenue, Jersey City, hung an umbrella on his front gate during the heavy down-pour of rain yesterday, and waited with it in hand to test the honesty of passers by. The umbrella disappeared at the end of three minutes.

Buster Brown and Tige Come to Europe. Send two-cent stamp to BOSTON EXTRACTION COMPANY, 175 Fifth Avenue, for copy of Buster Brown's Fifth Book—free.

TALE OF RUSSO-GERMAN PACT.

CZAR AND KAISER SWORN TO KEEP PACE. REPORT SAYS.

Berlin Correspondent of a Chicago Newspaper Writes That the Kaiser Has Remained Himself Not to Engage in War—Kaiser's Ill Health a Cause.

CHICAGO, June 2.—The Daily News tonight publishes the following from its Berlin correspondent:

"From a source that may be described as unimpeachable the Daily News correspondent learns that a remarkable secret alliance exists between Russia and Germany, consisting of a personal compact between the czar and the Kaiser whereby the two empires bind themselves never to make war on each other as long as the czar, the Kaiser or the present Crown Prince of Germany is alive."

"The Kaiser's alarm over his health and the immediate inspiration of the agreement, which was sealed at Wiesbaden in November last, in the week before the operation on the Kaiser's throat. Russo-German relations in consequence are more intimate than at any other time in the past 100 years, and cause German statesmen to snap their fingers in the face of the Franco-Russian alliance."

"When the Kaiser went to Wiesbaden he was afraid that he was suffering from a fatal disease and desired to confer with the czar in order that he might bequeath to the young, inexperienced Crown Prince a hard and fast understanding with Russia."

"Nicholas was profoundly impressed by William's anxieties. The Kaiser informed him that he was prepared to guarantee that Germany would keep peace with Russia not only for the period of his own reign, however long or short, but also for the period of the Crown Prince's life. In return the czar was asked to guarantee that Russia would never threaten Germany. The czar assented but demanded a pledge of Germany's benevolent neutrality in the event of a war with Japan."

"Notwithstanding the existence of the compact, however, German statesmen and soldiers of the highest rank are secretly chuckling over the czar's misfortune in the Far East. They know that Russia, sapped as regards its political and military prestige, is a far more reliable guarantee of Russo-German peace than the pledges of a dozen czars."

IMMIGRANTS DECEASED.

Say It Was Done at 44 Broadway—Two Arrests So Far.

Salvatore Zenatti, Francesco Furtina and Pietro Polazzi, who came to this country recently, heard of work to be had in a distant town, and asked Enrico Vigniani, a banker, of 2194 First avenue, how to get to the town. Vigniani gave the men the address of Peter McDonnell's ticket office at 2 Battery place. The banker offered to send a man to show the way, but the three said they could take care of themselves and went alone.

At Battery they couldn't find Battery place, and as they stood looking about them, a man approached them, who, after finding out their business, said he was the Italian agent of McDonnell and would take them to the office.

He led them to an office building at 44 Broadway and into an office, where they were told to wait. After some time Joseph Copporelli of 208 West 44th street, in. He talked with an American who sat at a desk in the office and then told the men that their tickets would cost \$25.00 each.

Zenatti said he paid over \$25.00 for the three and got in return a letter written by the American and addressed to the agent of the West Shore line, requesting him to send the men to the ticket office at 2 Battery place. The letter was signed "Johnson."

Copporelli, the men say, took them to an elevated railroad station, and told them how to get to the ticket office. The men say they presented the letter and were told by the agent that it was of no value and that if they wanted tickets they would have to pay \$25.00.

They returned to their friend the banker and told their story and were taken by him to 17 West 44th street, where he said he was the agent of the Society for the Protection of Italian Immigrants. At the society rooms the men met Detective Micelli who is detailed for the service of the society, and he told them that they had been deceived.

Micelli went with the men along Broadway where they identified the building at 44 and upon entering picked out an office where the man who had given them the letter was sitting. The man, who did not recognize any of the men in the office. At Broadway avenue the man said he was formerly a clerk in a Sixth avenue dry goods store and a young man employed there, who was named McGuffey, had been killed in a quarrel with a man named McGuffey. The man said he was McGuffey's brother and intended to visit the fort and institute a searching investigation.

FAINTED AND LAUGHED.

Katie Garfunkel Tells Her Story at District Attorney's Office.

Katie Garfunkel, the young East Side girl who says that she was forcibly restrained in Sadie Wolf's West Thirty-second street house, told her story yesterday to Assistant District Attorney Sandford. She said that she was a four dollar a week clerk in a Sixth avenue dry goods store and a young man employed there, who was named McGuffey, had been killed in a quarrel with a man named McGuffey. The man said he was McGuffey's brother and intended to visit the fort and institute a searching investigation.

The girl apparently fainted several times while telling her story. She apparently had a hard struggle to keep from crying at other portions of it. She was taken back to the rooms of the Gerry society.

MINISTER'S WIFE DISAPPEARS.

Also the City Clerk of Wahoo, Neb.—Both Arrested in Sioux City.

WAHOO, Neb., June 2.—Mrs. George B. Richardson, the wife of the pastor of the First Baptist Church of Wahoo, and John B. Whelan, the City Clerk of this town, were arrested in Sioux City last night, to which place the two went some days ago. Several months ago Mrs. Richardson went East on a visit, and on her return is said to have met Whelan in Omaha, where a friendship was formed. Returning here, the two were much together, and some days ago both disappeared. The preacher got word of their disappearance yesterday, and went to that place yesterday, where he swore out a warrant charging them with adultery.

MAY TAKE WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

Belief That the St. Paul Is Preparing to Absorb the Road.

OSHKOSH, Wis., June 2.—Partial corroboration of the report that the Wisconsin Central Railroad is to be absorbed by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Company was found in the announcement that the St. Paul company will shortly establish extensive switching yards and freight sheds on the south side of this city and tributary to the Central and St. Paul tracks. The announcements follow a visit to the city of the leading officers of the Wisconsin Central, who are believed to be altogether larger than the business of the St. Paul warrants.

NO CONSCRIPTION IN ENGLAND.

Government Not to Follow the Royal Commission's Recommendation.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, June 2.—In the House of Commons to-day, when questioned about the Royal Commission's recent recommendation in favor of conscription, Mr. Arnold-Forster, the Secretary for War, announced that the Government did not intend to make any proposals to the House in favor of conscription.

Ten Dollar Fare From Europe.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, June 2.—The North German Lloyd Steamship Company announces two-penny passages to the United States, with separate cabins for English speaking passengers and foreigners.

LARRY SUMMERFIELD, VICTIM

Of the Rapacity of the Rich and the Incredulity of the Police.

Larry Summerfield, King of the Wire Tappers, whom Capt. Cottrell of the West Thirtieth street police station is coming to seem like an old friend and the Jefferson Market police court like a second home, says that he was arrested this time just for giving good advice. The advice was in regard to playing the races, and the recipients failed to follow it, he said, and then got mad because their bets were wrong.

Peter Ryan of 126 Grand avenue, Astoria, who made the complaint against him, is only the agent, according to Summerfield, of the wealthy treasurer of a machinery company and the equally well to do manager of a steel foundry company.

The manager of the foundry suggested a couple of weeks ago, according to Summerfield, that there was an excellent opportunity to beat the poolrooms just at present, and offered to back such a scheme up to \$100,000. He won at first, said the King of Wire Tappers, but subsequently lost by not keeping strictly to the expert's advice. The machinery company man became interested in the game, Summerfield said, when the foundry manager was called away to Boston to negotiate about building cruisers for the United States Government.

Summerfield gave his name as Foster Holmes in court yesterday. Assistant District Attorney Krues was called in to prosecute the case against him and the three prisoners who were taken in there on the alleged poolroom at 118 Broadway, and the case was all adjourned to 1 o'clock to-day. Mike Muldoon, who was arrested at the same time with Summerfield at the Rensselaer Hotel, was discharged.

So far as Summerfield made himself clear, he expected to play fair with the rich backers of his game, and not just grab their money and run away. But, as the climax of the "wire tapping" game consists of grabbing the money and running away, the testimony of the steel foundry manager makes it clear that Summerfield cast a shadow across the broad white light of the prisoner's open hearted confession.

SULLY'S PEW AN ASSET.

Wants to Go to St. Bartholomew's Himself, Instead of Letting His Creditors In.

The creditors of Daniel J. Sully are wondering what will be the final disposition of the pew in St. Bartholomew's Church bought by Mr. Sully before his failure, but he did not get the deed for it. This was bought by Mr. Sully before his failure, but he did not get the deed for it. This was bought by Mr. Sully before his failure, but he did not get the deed for it.

David H. Miller, one of the two receivers, said yesterday that the receivers had endeavored to get at the law in the case, and that the counsel consulted led them to believe that the pew was exempt and will eventually belong to Mr. Sully. At present they are simply holding the deed to be turned over to the trustees in bankruptcy. If they find there is no question about the ownership they will doubtless turn the deed over to Mr. Sully.

MURDER AT FT. ETHAN ALLEN.

Soldier's Body Is Found Mangled—Third Crime in as Many Weeks.

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 2.—The body of a soldier of Fort Ethan Allen, who had been murdered, was found last night. It was cut in two at the waist line and was found near the targets belonging to the post. The man had evidently been dead for several days.

The officers of the fort refused to discuss the case and even decline to give out the name of the dead soldier. Three murders have been committed near the post within three weeks, a soldier from the fort having been mixed up in the affair. A policeman, who was called to the post, said that he was shot to death three weeks ago while attempting to take a prisoner to the police station. A man named Williams, a soldier from the fort, being held in connection with the crime. Last Sunday Private Frank Bernhard was killed during a quarrel with a man named McGuffey. The man said he was McGuffey's brother and intended to visit the fort and institute a searching investigation.

PAINTED AND LAUGHED.

Katie Garfunkel Tells Her Story at District Attorney's Office.

Katie Garfunkel, the young East Side girl who says that she was forcibly restrained in Sadie Wolf's West Thirty-second street house, told her story yesterday to Assistant District Attorney Sandford. She said that she was a four dollar a week clerk in a Sixth avenue dry goods store and a young man employed there, who was named McGuffey, had been killed in a quarrel with a man named McGuffey. The man said he was McGuffey's brother and intended to visit the fort and institute a searching investigation.

The girl apparently fainted several times while telling her story. She apparently had a hard struggle to keep from crying at other portions of it. She was taken back to the rooms of the Gerry society.

MINISTER'S WIFE DISAPPEARS.

Also the City Clerk of Wahoo, Neb.—Both Arrested in Sioux City.

WAHOO, Neb., June 2.—Mrs. George B. Richardson, the wife of the pastor of the First Baptist Church of Wahoo, and John B. Whelan, the City Clerk of this town, were arrested in Sioux City last night, to which place the two went some days ago. Several months ago Mrs. Richardson went East on a visit, and on her return is said to have met Whelan in Omaha, where a friendship was formed. Returning here, the two were much together, and some days ago both disappeared. The preacher got word of their disappearance yesterday, and went to that place yesterday, where he swore out a warrant charging them with adultery.

The girl apparently fainted several times while telling her story. She apparently had a hard struggle to keep from crying at other portions of it. She was taken back to the rooms of the Gerry society.

POPE MUCH DEPRESSED.

French Hostility Said to Be a Cause of Great Worry to Pius X.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. ROME, June 2.—The SUN correspondent attended a panel reception at the Vatican to-day. The Pope was evidently depressed. He hastily walked through the room, silently giving his hand to the kneeling visitors to be kissed.

Opinion in the Vatican is that the Pope is very anxious about the hostility of France, though apparently indifferent to the threatened revocation of the Concordat.

INTEREST IN WOMEN'S CONGRESS.

Germany's Empress to Receive the Delegation—Public Reception.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. BERLIN, June 2.—The Empress has expressed a wish to receive the delegates to the Women's Congress, and will probably give them an audience next week. The Municipal Council of Berlin has voted to hold a public reception for them, and 2,000 two dollar tickets have already been sold, with surprising testimony to the interest in taken in the congress.

NOTE TO SAVE PERDICARIS.

French Charge Urged to Bring Pressure on the Sultan—American Warships Cause Uneasiness—Mrs. Varley in a Letter Tell of Husband's Capture.

PARIS, June 2.—Gen. Porter, the American Ambassador, had an interview with Foreign Minister Delcasse to-day in reference to Mr. Perdicaris. Instructions were telegraphed to the French Chargé d'Affaires at Tangier instructing him to bring pressure upon the Sultan to negotiate with Raisuli.

According to a despatch to the Times from Tangier the American naval demonstration is causing dismay to the public. It is reported that the chiefs of the neighboring tribes have been much impressed by the arrival of the warships, and have asked the Sultan's representative to intervene to compel Raisuli to deliver his captives.

The Foreign Office appears confident that Perdicaris will be safely provided drastic measures are avoided. It is hoped that the naval commanders at Tangier are acquainted with Moorish methods, and, consequently, will wait patiently while diplomatic measures are used. It took six months in 1902 to obtain a Frenchman's release from the Rif. Meanwhile Perdicaris probably is being royally entertained.

TANGIER, June 2.—Raisuli has formulated his terms. He demands the Governorship of his district and an indemnity of £14,000 for an attack on his village by Government troops. For himself he promises to keep order in his district in the future.

The American naval officers here declare that they are prepared for any emergency, but Rear-Admiral Chadwick will not take action until the Sultan's reply is received. Mohammed el Torres, the Sultan's representative here, is appealing to the tribes to capture Raisuli, stating that this alone will save Morocco from invasion.

Rear Admiral Jewell and Mr. Gummeré, the American Consul-General, visited Mohammed el Torres to-day. Subsequently Admiral Jewell visited the British Minister.

LONDON, June 2.—Mr. Cunningham-Graham, formerly a Member of Parliament, personally, having been a guest with him at the residence of the Times correspondent at Tangier, describes him as a tall, good looking, black bearded man, who is neither cruel nor bloodthirsty, that is, for a Moroccan.

He does not think it likely that Raisuli will kill his prisoners unless the negotiations for their release fail entirely. The armed demonstration of the Americans and French will probably seal the fate of the prisoners, but Raisuli knows that before troops can reach him he will be able to kill his captives or pass them on to other tribes in the interior, where they would disappear, never to be seen again.

Nevertheless, he believes there is no danger if the Governments interested exercise tact and diplomacy, but knowing Raisuli's character, he is convinced that he will release the prisoners until his own safety is guaranteed.

The handi, has, however, committed so many outrages that it would be very difficult for the Sultan to pardon him. If the Sultan came to terms with him and made him responsible for law and order in his district he would carry out the contract thoroughly.

Mr. Cunningham-Graham imagines that the prisoners are in the hills above the village of Roman, fourteen miles from Tangier.

Mrs. Varley, wife of Cromwell Varley, the Englishman who is held captive by Raisuli, the Moroccan brigand, describes the capture of her husband and father-in-law, Mr. Perdicaris, in a letter to relatives in England. She says that the attack was so sudden that it was impossible to call for assistance. The brigands crept up and overpowered the servants, holding up Mauser rifles to their breasts and threatening to shoot if they called out.

Perdicaris and Varley, hearing a noise, proceeded to investigate. They were immediately overpowered and bound. The bandits then searched the pockets of Perdicaris and Varley, who had followed their husbands, down a flight of steps, severely bruising them.

The brigands finally induced the ladies to retire, telling them that Raisuli was arranging terms with Mr. Perdicaris, and warning them not to raise an alarm or it would be worse for their husbands and them.

Nevertheless a maid rang up on the telephone and shouted for help. Raisuli rushed in, seized the receiver and threatened to shoot the maid if she called again for help.

MADRID, June 2.—The presence of American warships at Tangier and the threatened landing of marines are causing great uneasiness here.

A request has been made in the Senate that the Government despatch a warship. The Foreign Minister promised that measures would be taken to defend Spanish subjects in Morocco.